



Figure S1. Examples of sound and sunscald cranberries in a field setting.

Sunscald in cranberries is attributed to an excess of heat, UV-radiation, and low humidity and is most likely to occur in the higher, sun-exposed regions of the cranberry canopy. An example of sunscald damage is shown here, where a temperature induced lesion has formed due to excess absorbed energy by pigmented cells. Secondary fungal infection and fruit rot often accompanies sunscald damage.